Panel discussion:

Data Governance –

connecting data to action (a Social Constructivist Approach)

Presented at

HEIR 2014

Oxford Brookes

Silvia Gonzalez

Deloitte Canada

Keith Fortowsky

University of Regina

Thomas Loya University of Nottingham



Presentation Outline

- Introductions
- Brief introduction to University of Regina
- Our "reporting problem"
- Some key Principles
- Deloitte Phase 1 report
- U Nottingham approach
- New solutions?
- Questions & Discussion (throughout)



University of Regina 🔶

- Mid-sized Canadian University
- more than 14,000 students
- Over 400 full-time faculty
- UR Campus, plus 3
 Federated Colleges
 (Campion, Luther, FN
 University)
- ONE central budget for UR "college"





U of Regina "Reporting Problem"

- 2 IR staff: "statistics" & metadata
- 6 IT staff on report-writing and Banner programming
- No history of "managerial" reporting (much less "analytics")
- No central data quality control
- For users, on-going frustration
- IR reports that are too successful



Key Principles

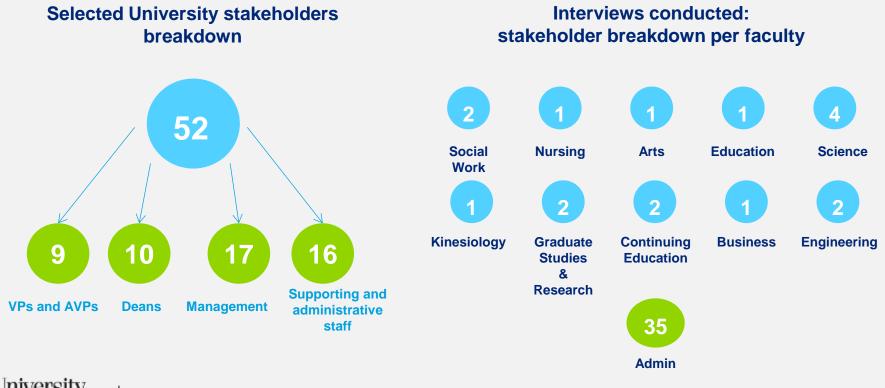
"so the audience can do it from a less naïve place"

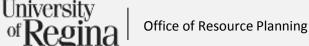
- "Technology Treadmill" I (*expectations)
- Cost of Quality ("60 70%")
- Cost of Planning/Management (*)
- Cost of Communication / Training
- "Technology Treadmill" II (systems)



Deloitte Phase 1

A Social constructivist approach to develop a customized data governance model for UR





Deloitte: The framework

The Governance model requires the support and participation of each stakeholder group within the University to enable IR

Reporting and Analytics

- Performance measurement
- Privacy and security
- Metadata
- User friendliness
- Tools
- Retention and archiving
- Services
- Data infrastructure



Data Governance

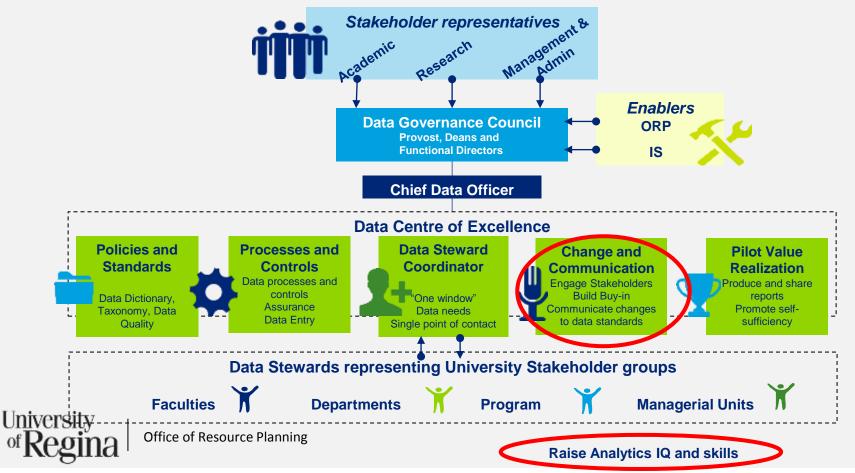
- Policies and standards
- Processes and controls
- Roles and accountabilities
- Change and communication
- Regulatory requirements
- Risk identification and management
- Business strategy



Office of Resource Planning

Deloitte: Governance Model

DG will serve as a foundation to build data standards, datadriven decision making, and a "one window" to reporting



Deloitte: IR Priorities

To drive organizational value, we proposed an Analytical Model with both academic and non-academic value streams

Nine dashboards support • Academic Priorities specific decision making Talent 9 attraction processes aligned to UR Faculty/ institutional priorities Department Effectiveness Student Life Cycle Prospect Enrolled Donor Graduate Alumni Research Grants Priorities Contracts University Budget Office of Resource Planning Management





Business Intelligence and Data Governance

At the University of Nottingham

7th Annual UK and Ireland HEIR Conference

Dr. Tom Loya, Director of Strategy, Planning & Performance





"The world is noisy and messy. You need to deal with the noise and uncertainty."

Professor Daphne Koller Computer Scientist, Stanford University

How did we deal with the noise and mess?





Data Governance – key concerns include...

- Definition(s) and meanings
- Data quality management
- Appropriate usage
- Access and security (sources and outputs)
- Roles

Data Stewards - content, context, biz rules Data Custodians – tech environment, databases..

• In practice: little as clear-cut as it sounds, and requires regular review and adjustment





About the University of Nottingham

- The University of Nottingham
 - 33k students in UK (24k UG, 9k PG) about 28% Int'l
 - 4500 at UoN Malaysia; 5800 at Uon Ningbo, China









BI at UoN – The journey, where we are

• Following initial "exec mandate" in 2008:

2009	Begin developing enterprise DW and BI Hub
2010	Prototypes and pilot
2011	Live (UK only) - Student performance dashboards UG + PG Applications (daily extracts); All student records from 2006 Conversion rates, demographics, progression, attainment, tariff, fee status, WP NSS: all questions, all subjects, all HEIs from 2008 League tables: all tables, all measures, all HEIs from 2008
2012	Live - Research performance dashboards Awards, grants, income – all levels (Uni to named individuals); finance and HR data Access from China and Malaysia
2012-2014	Improve infrastructure, report push, 'social BI', build predictive analytics capability

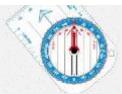
- 'Source system aware' data warehouse
- Top priorities: achieve resilience, broaden/deepen benefits





UNITED KINGDOM · CHINA · MALAYSIA

Early discoveries & lessons



	From	То
BI Consumers	Top management	Everyone
Report Author	Devolved/embedded	Central
Geography	UK	Global
Key Purpose	KPIs	Strategic-Operational
Sources	Internal	Mixed
User Experience	Tailored	Universal



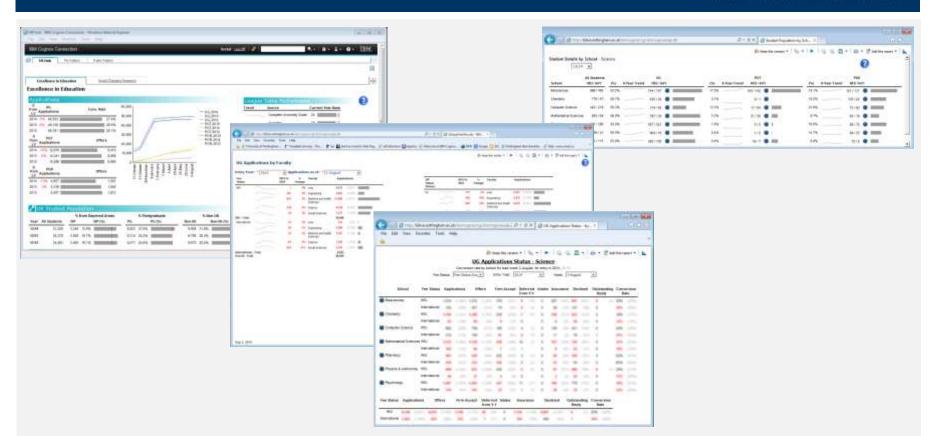
BI: Current position and Data Governance

- Central/authoritative BI reporting for areas covered
- Recognised importance of DG at outset, but...
 - > Data governance *versus* timely delivery & benefits
 - Purism/Idealism versus pragmatism
- Not all data governance challenges met (yet)
- Right balance = Choices
- The choices we made, and why...



Example Reports

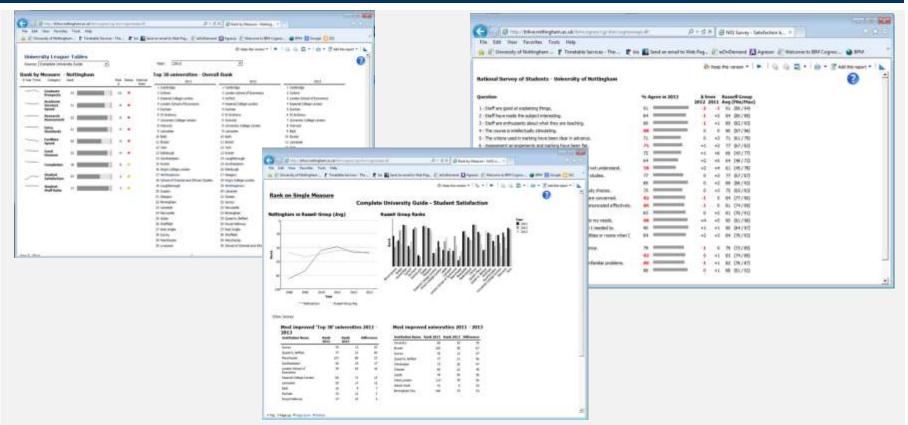




- E in E dashboard: applications and conversion current position and trends; student population/demographics; degree class and tariff
- All student performance drillable from University to individual students

Example Reports

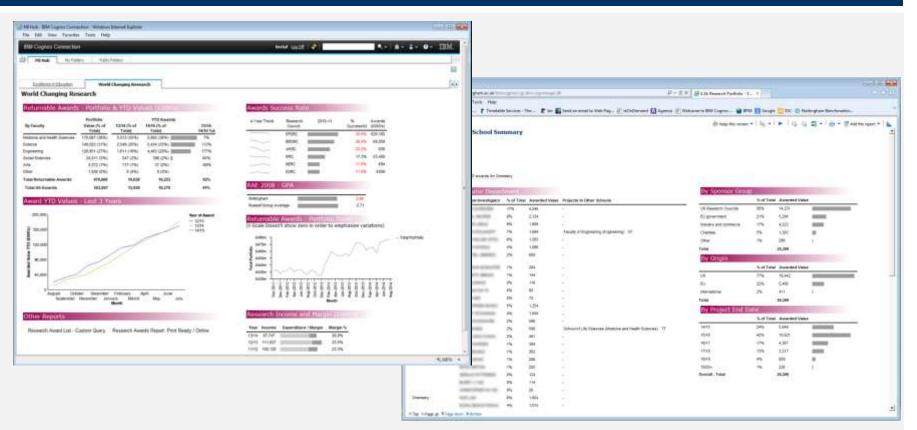




- League tables: All measures, all tables, all UK universities since 2007
- NSS: All questions, all subjects, for all UK HEIS over 6 years
- For both, ability to select relevant peer HEIs and/or departments

Example Reports





- Research dashboard: income, awards, trends, funding sources, margin, etc
- All research performance from Uni to named individual researchers
- Custom query: find colleagues by funders, amount, duration, subject, etc



UNITED KINGDOM · CHINA · MALAYSIA

Access: controlled or universal?

- Limited access familiar, but: consumes resource, limits impact, significant admin overhead
- Universal access potentially transformative
- 'Full exposure' key to high/rising data quality
- Exposure => vulnerability (but gets people talking)
- Risk: thin grasp of how transparency *should* work



DG Scope: All data assets or (just) BI?

- Enterprise data governance is a good thing, but
 - Is it *your* job or *your* priority?
 - How do you eat an elephant?
 - How far upstream? How far downstream?



- Pretence to govern data = will to power, thus conflict
- Can you progress with good practice in narrow areas?
- What about external data sources?
 - Who can acquire and use?
 - Competing 'truths' will continue to emerge
 - Presume to explain difference, not obstruct use
 - Can't stop them, so do it better with and for them



UNITED KINGDOM · CHINA · MALAYSIA

Balance priorities: 'Do it right; do it once', *versus* 'get it out; make an impact'

- Talking, defining, etc suits those avoiding getting stuck in, learning, taking risks, making decisions
- Avoiding *essential* data governance work will jeopardise quality, impact, (necessary) authority
- You need sponsors (£); sponsors want results
- 'Asymptotic perfection'

Wrap up



From the trenches...

- Credibility, delivery, track record trump (formal) authority
- No 'right way' or 'best way' 'just right for you, right now'
- Know where and why to set and maintain *core* standards...
 (E.g. Conformed , high-quality, validated, traceable data)
- Defer to subject-area expertise; build on their authority
- Don't eat the elephant: pick the first few projects carefully
- Most important choices entail significant culture changes
- Unfortunately not always a "field of dreams"
- But choices ≠ compromise



New Solutions?

- Agile
- Fast prototypes to start two-way communication sooner
- Better communication of context: graphics, drill-down, webpages, metadata
- More accessible management tools for DW/BI process



Office of Resource Planning





Contact Info

Silvia Gonzalez, sigonzalezzamora@deloitte.ca Deloitte Canada

Keith Fortowsky, kfortowsky@gmail.com University of Regina

Thomas Loya, thomas.loya@nottingham.ac.uk

University of Nottingham



Office of Resource Planning





Thank you!

Questions?

19 March 2014